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Software manual

ITKP-42-01-11-21-EN

PROFIBUS

Communication Protocol:
MW-01-A Mass Converter

NOVEMBER 2021

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1. MASS CONVERTER SETTINGS AND CONFIGURATION

To configure MW-01-A mass converter settings for communication via Profibus protocol run “MwManager” PC software and go to <Parameters / Set Communication / Additional modules> submenu. For detailed description of settings configuration read “MwManager” user manual.

2. DATA STRUCTURE

2.1. Input Address

Input variables:

Variable	Offset	Length [WORD]	Data type
Platform mass	0	2	float
Platform tare	4	2	float
Platform unit	8	1	word
Platform status	10	1	word
Platform LO threshold	12	2	float
Process status	64	1	word
Input status	66	1	word
Min	68	2	float
Max	72	2	float
Fast dosing threshold	76	2	float
Slow dosing threshold	80	1	float

2.2. Input Registers

Note that data uploaded from the MW-01-A mass converter have reverse order of register bytes, i.e. float data order is DCBA, and word variable order is BA. To correctly read these registers it is necessary to reorder them.

Platform mass – returns platform mass a in current unit.

Example:

Hex value of a register with offset 0 is 0x00001041. Prior to change to float, it is necessary to set the bytes in a reverse order, i.e. ABCD, which results with 0x41100000.

This, when changed to flow, gives 9.0 as a current mass of the load.

Platform tare – returns platform tare in an adjustment unit.

Platform unit – determines a current mass unit of a given platform.

Unit bits	
0	Gram [g]
1	Kilogram [kg]
2	Carat [ct]
3	Pound [lb]
4	Ounce [oz]
5	Newton [N]

Example:

Read HEX value: 0x0200. Binary form:

B1/7	B1/6	B1/5	B1/4	B1/3	B1/2	B1/1	B1/0	B0/7	B0/6	B0/5	B0/4	B0/3	B0/2	B0/1	B0/0
0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Upon reordering from BA to AB the result is 0x0002

B1/7	B1/6	B1/5	B1/4	B1/3	B1/2	B1/1	B1/0	B0/7	B0/6	B0/5	B0/4	B0/3	B0/2	B0/1	B0/0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0

The unit of the weighing instrument is kilogram [kg].

Platform status – determines state of a given weighing platform.

Status bits	
0	Measurement correct (the weighing instrument does not report any error)
1	Measurement stable
2	Weighing instrument indicates zero
3	Weighing instrument tared
4	Weighing instrument in II weighing range
5	Weighing instrument in III weighing range
6	Weighing instrument reports NULL error
7	Weighing instrument reports LH error
8	Weighing instrument reports FULL error

Example:

Read HEX value: 0x1300

B1/7	B1/6	B1/5	B1/4	B1/3	B1/2	B1/1	B1/0	B0/7	B0/6	B0/5	B0/4	B0/3	B0/2	B0/1	B0/0
0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Upon reordering from BA to AB the result is 0x0013

B1/7	B1/6	B1/5	B1/4	B1/3	B1/2	B1/1	B1/0	B0/7	B0/6	B0/5	B0/4	B0/3	B0/2	B0/1	B0/0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1

The weighing instrument does not report any error, measurement stable in II weighing range.

LO threshold – returns value LO threshold in an adjustment unit.

Process status – determines status of the dosing process:

- 0x00 – process disabled
- 0x01 – process activated
- 0x02 – process aborted
- 0x03 – process completed

Input state – bitmask of indicator inputs. The first 3 least significant bits represent weighing indicator inputs.

Example:

Read HEX value: 0x0300

B1/7	B1/6	B1/5	B1/4	B1/3	B1/2	B1/1	B1/0	B0/7	B0/6	B0/5	B0/4	B0/3	B0/2	B0/1	B0/0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1

Upon reordering from BA to AB the result is 0x0003

B1/7	B1/6	B1/5	B1/4	B1/3	B1/2	B1/1	B1/0	B0/7	B0/6	B0/5	B0/4	B0/3	B0/2	B0/1	B0/0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1

Inputs 1 and 2 of the mass converter take HI state.

MIN – returns **MIN** threshold value in an adjustment unit.

MAX – returns **MAX** threshold value in an adjustment unit.

Fast dosing threshold - returns fast dosing threshold value in an adjustment unit.

Slow dosing threshold - returns slow dosing threshold value in an adjustment unit.

2.3. Output Address

Output variables:

Variable	Offset	Length [WORD]	Data type
Command	0	1	word
Command with parameter	2	1	word
Tare	6	2	float
LO threshold	10	2	float
Output state	14	1	word
Min	16	2	float
Max	20	2	float
Fast dosing threshold	24	2	float
Slow dosing threshold	28	1	float

2.4. Output Registers

Basic command – record of the register via a given value triggers a respective operation:

Bit No.	Operation
0	Zero the platform
1	Tare the platform
5	Process start
6	Process stop

Example:

Record of the register by 0x02 value converted to BA 0x0200 order.

B1/7	B1/6	B1/5	B1/4	B1/3	B1/2	B1/1	B1/0	B0/7	B0/6	B0/5	B0/4	B0/3	B0/2	B0/1	B0/0
0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Scale taring is triggered.



A command is executed once upon detecting that its bit has been set. If the command is to be executed more than once, it is necessary to zero the bit first, and reset it to the required value next.

Complex command – setting a respective value triggers performance of a given task, see the table:

Bit No.	Operation
0	Setting tare value for a given platform
1	Setting LO threshold value for a given platform
2	Setting output status
3	Setting MIN threshold value
4	Setting MAX threshold value
5	Setting fast dosing threshold
6	Setting slow dosing threshold



Complex command requires setting a respective parameter (offset from 6 to 36 – refer to output registers table).



A command with a parameter is executed once when its bit setting is detected. If the command is to be executed more than once, it is necessary to zero the bit first, and reset it to the required value next.

Example:

Sending tare of 1.0 value.

Performance of the command requires record of 2 registers:

offset 2 – command with parameter - value 0x0100 – after conversion 0x0100.

offset 6 – tare value in float format - 1.0 after conversion to DCBA 0x0000803F format.

Tare – complex command parameter: tare value (in an adjustment unit).

LO threshold – complex command parameter: LO threshold value (in an adjustment unit).

Output state – complex command parameter: state of mass converter outputs.

Example:

Setting high state for output 1 and 3 of the indicator.

Output mask:

B1/7	B1/6	B1/5	B1/4	B1/3	B1/2	B1/1	B1/0	B0/7	B0/6	B0/5	B0/4	B0/3	B0/2	B0/1	B0/0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1

Upon conversion to HEX the result is 0x05

Performance of the command requires record of 2 registers:

offset 2 – command with parameter - value 0x08 – i.e. output state record.

offset 14 – output mask 0x05.

This results with HI state of outputs number 1 and 3.

MIN – complex command parameter: MIN threshold value (in the unit set for the active working mode).

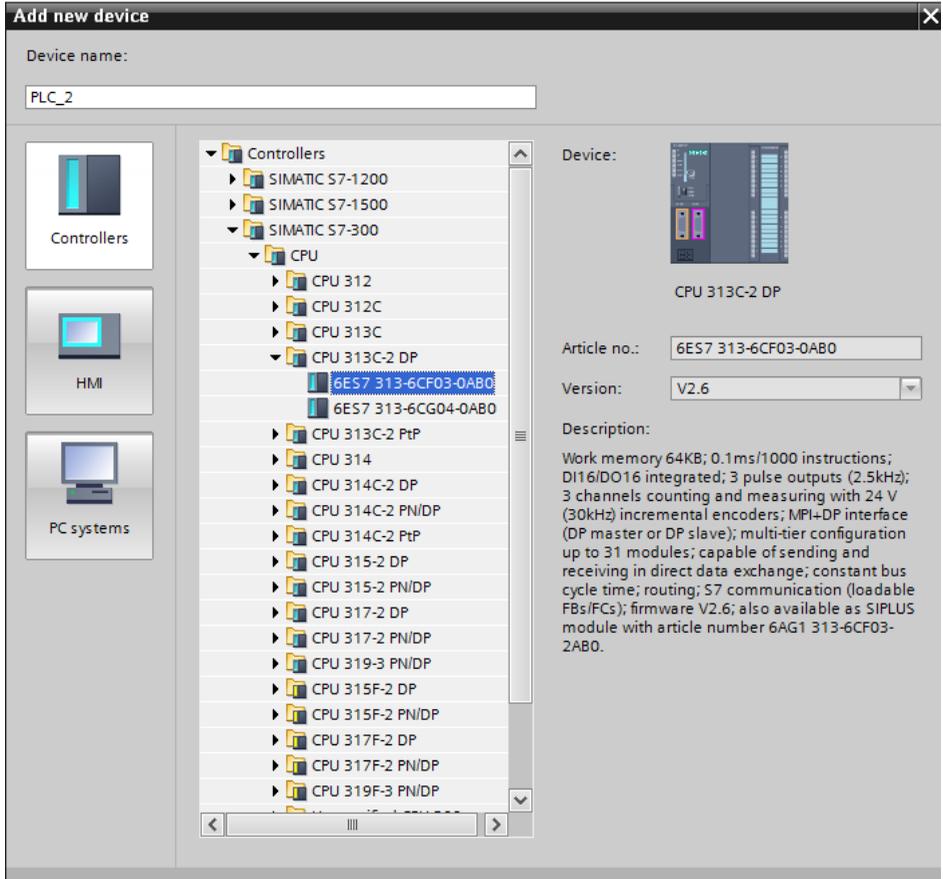
MAX – complex command parameter: MAX threshold value (in the unit set for the active working mode).

Fast dosing threshold - complex command parameter – fast dosing threshold value (in an adjustment unit).

Slow dosing threshold - complex command parameter – slow dosing threshold value (in an adjustment unit).

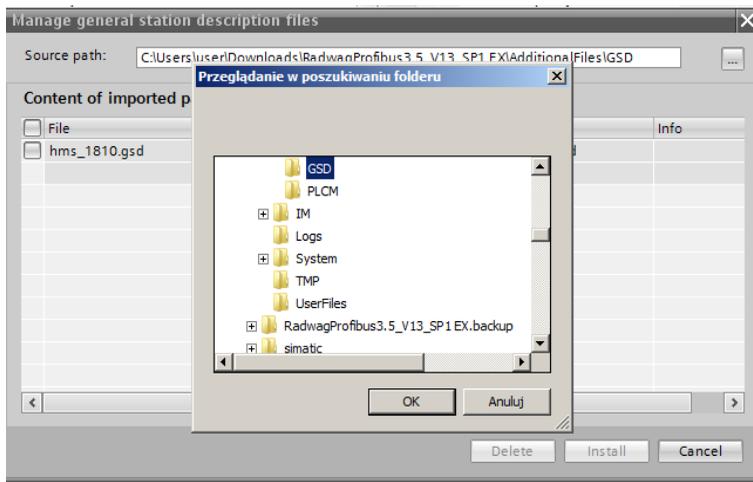
3. CONFIGURATION OF PROFIBUS MODULE IN TIA PORTAL V13 ENVIRONMENT

Start operation in the environment by setting up a new project, where topology of PROFIBUS network with MASTER controller will be specified, in this case the MASTER controller is SIEMENS controller of S7-300 series.

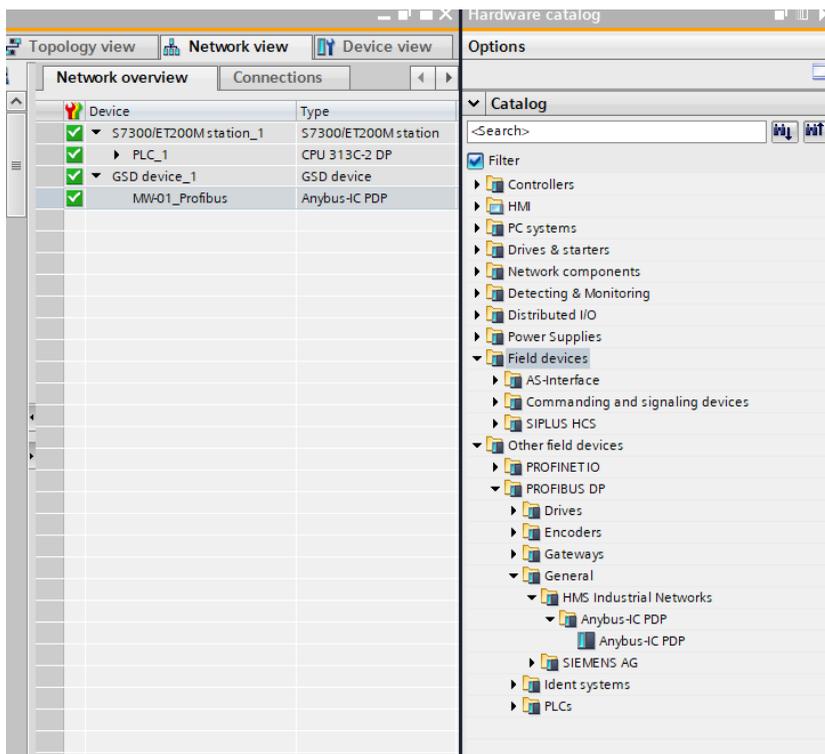


3.1. Import GSD

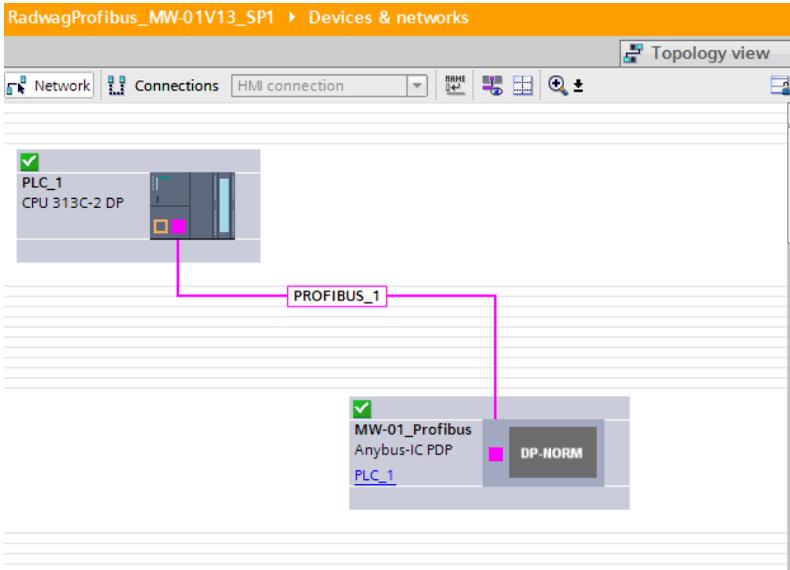
Using a delivered configuration file (GSD), add a new device to the environment. Open OPTIONS tab, next click MANAGE GENERAL STATION DESCRIPTION FILES (GSD) entry and select access path to the GSD file.



With the file successfully added, the Anybus-IC-PDP module is displayed on the list of the devices.

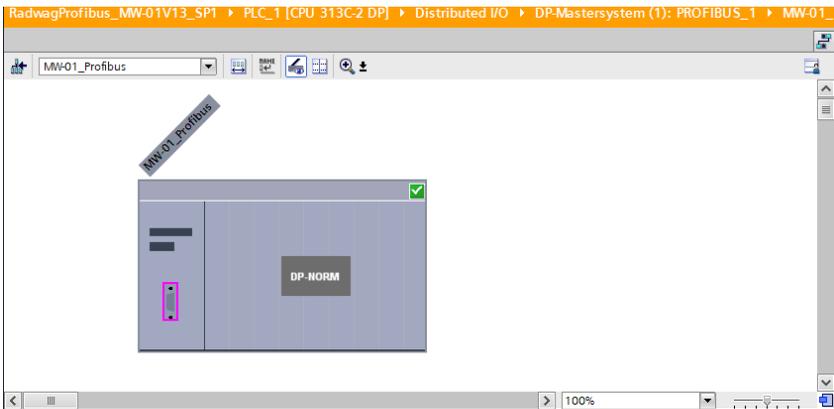


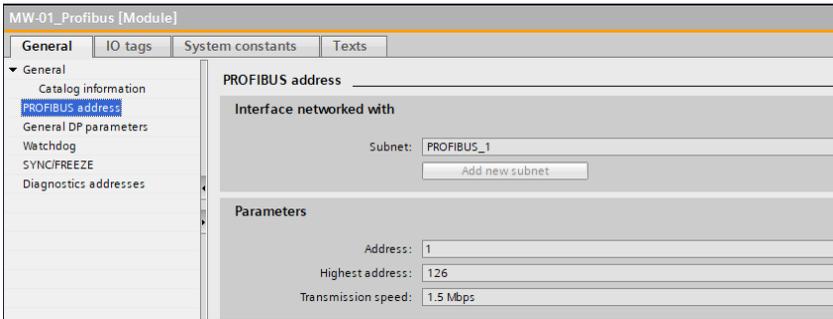
Now it is necessary to make a network comprising a MASTER controller and a newly added SLAVE module:



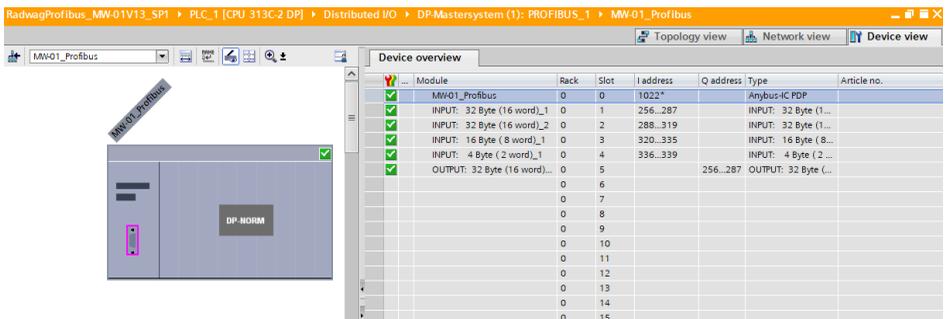
3.2. Module Configuration

Now, specify the module address. Make sure that the address is accordant with the address set via the MwManager in the menu.

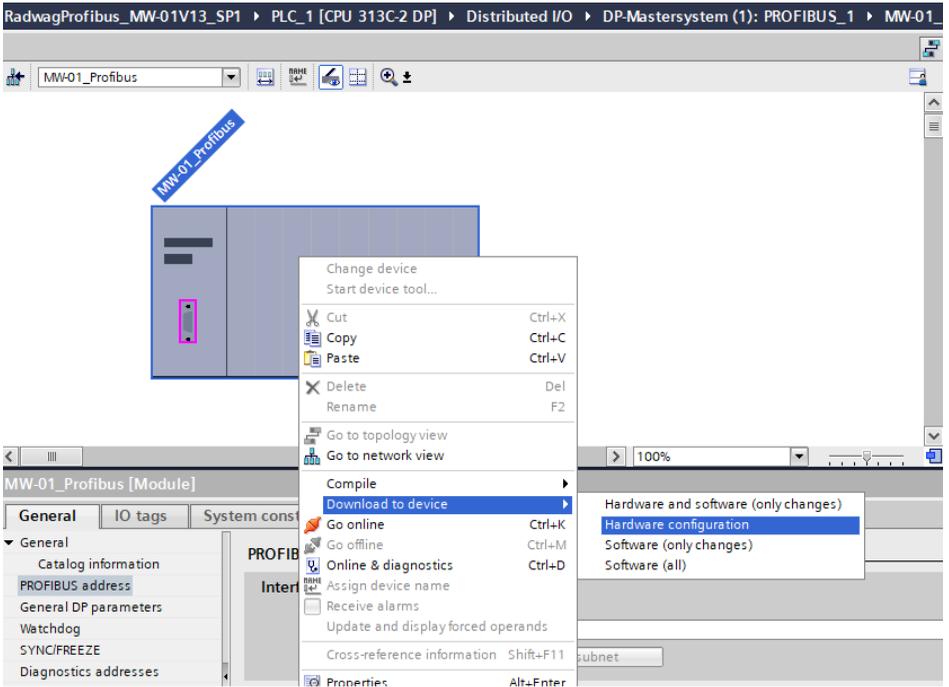




Next configure the module. First specify input and output registers size, define their start addresses. From the list of available INPUT and OUTPUT modules select such modules as presented in the picture below. Maximum size of input data is 84 bytes, maximum size of output data is 32 bytes. In the project, default start addresses have been used – 256 for the INPUT module and 256 for the OUTPUT module:



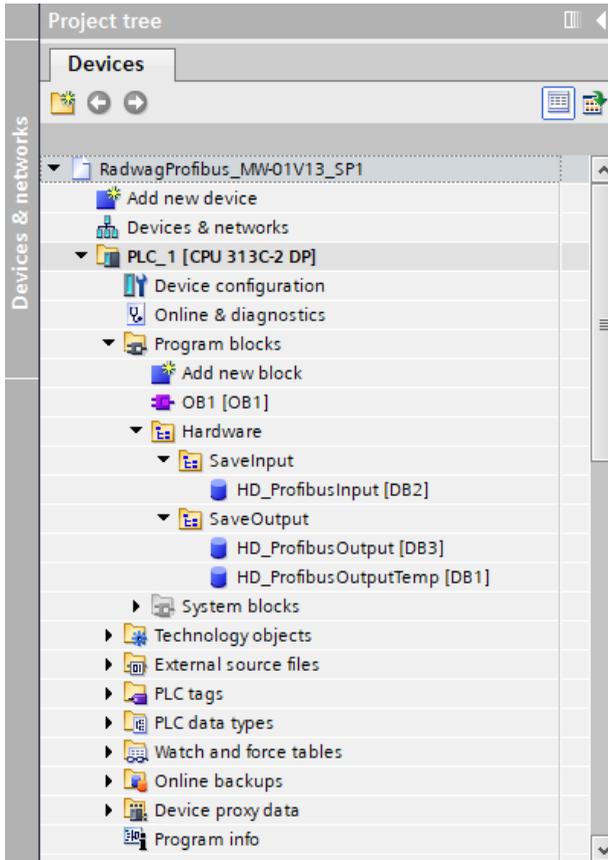
At this stage it is possible to upload the hardware configuration into the controller.



Upon successful compilation and code reading, the MASTER and SLAVE shall establish communication. Now proceed to the process of program code making.

4. DIAGNOSTICS APP

Start creating the app by defining names of symbolic input and output registers. Input and output registers of PROFIBUS module have been specified in data blocks, HD_ProfibusInput and HD_ProfibusOutput, in HARDWARE group in PROGRAM BLOCKS.



HD_ProfinetOutput and HD_ProfinetInput blocks represent input/output registers of the scale's PROFIBUS module. See the screenshots below:

RadwagProfibus_MW-01V13_SP1 ▶ PLC_1 [CPU 313C-2 DP] ▶ Program blocks ▶ Hardware ▶ SaveInput ▶ HD_ProfibusInput [DB2]

HD_ProfibusInput								
	Name	Data type	Offset	Start value	Retain	Visible in ...	Setpoint	Comment
1	▼ Static				<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
2	mass	Real	0.0	0.0	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
3	tare	Real	4.0	0.0	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
4	unit	Word	8.0	16#0	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
5	status	Word	10.0	16#0	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
6	lo	Real	12.0	0.0	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
7	process_status	Word	16.0	16#0	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
8	inputs	Word	18.0	16#0	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
9	min	Real	20.0	0.0	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
10	max	Real	24.0	0.0	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
11	bulk_dosing_threshold	Real	28.0	0.0	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
12	fine_dosing_threshold	Real	32.0	0.0	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	

RadwagProfibus_MW-01V13_SP1 > PLC_1 [CPU 313C-2 DP] > Program blocks > Hardware > SaveOutput > HD_ProfibusOutput [DB3]

HD_ProfibusOutput							
Name	Data type	Offset	Start value	Retain	Visible in ...	Setpoint	Comment
1	Static			<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
2	command	Word	0.0	16#00	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
3	complex_command	Word	2.0	16#00	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
4	set_tare	Real	4.0	2.0	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
5	set_lo	Real	8.0	0.5	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
6	outputs	Word	12.0	16#03	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
7	set_min	Real	14.0	10.0	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
8	set_max	Real	18.0	20.0	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
9	set_bulk_dosing_thre...	Real	22.0	10.0	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
10	set_fine_dosing_thres...	Real	26.0	20.0	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

HD_ProfibusOutputTemp block is for storing temporary data during register bytes reordering.

RadwagProfibus_MW-01V13_SP1 > PLC_1 [CPU 313C-2 DP] > Program blocks > Hardware > SaveOutput > HD_ProfibusOutputTemp [DB1]

HD_ProfibusOutputTemp							
Name	Data type	Offset	Start value	Retain	Visible in ...	Setpoint	Comment
1	Static			<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
2	set_tare_inv	Real	0.0	2.0	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
3	set_lo_inv	Real	4.0	0.5	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
4	outputs_inv	Word	8.0	16#03	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
5	set_min_inv	Real	10.0	1.1	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
6	set_max_inv	Real	14.0	1.4	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
7	set_bulk_dosing_threshold_inv	DWord	18.0	16#DE	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
8	set_fine_dosing_threshold_inv	Word	22.0	16#16	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

Now, in the main program loop, make function assigning states of physical scale registers to registers in HD_ProfibusInput and HD_ProfibusOutput data blocks. Functions may look as presented below. The example shows the method of mass and unit readout and record of 'tare' and 'command' registers.

Note that data uploaded from and recorded to the MW-01-A mass converter have reverse order of register bytes, i.e. float data order is DCBA, and word variables order is BA. To correctly read these registers it is necessary to reorder them. In the presented example CAD command was used for variables of float type, and CAW command for variables of word type.

The same rule concerns variables recorded in the mass converter. Prior to the record it is necessary to set the bytes in a reverse order. Learn how it works on the example of record of tare of 1.5 value. Upon conversion to HEX the result is 0x3FC00000. Prior to record to the MW-01-A, conversion to DCBA order must be carried out. After use of CAD command, 0000C03F value is obtained, this value must be recorded to the scales register (log).

RadwagProfibus_MW-01V13_SP1 > PLC_1 [CPU 313C-2 DP] > Program blocks > OB1 [OB1]

Name	Data type	Offset	Default value	Comment
Temp				
Temp_0	Byte	0.0		
Temp_1	Byte	1.0		

CALL

```

1 CALL DPRD_DAT
2 LADDR :=W#16#100 W#16#100
3 RET_VAL :="err read" %MW4
4 RECORD :="HD_ProfibusInput".mass %DB2.DBDO
5
6
7
8
9
10
11

```

Network 3:

```

1 L "HD_ProfibusInput".mass %DB2.DBDO
2 CAD
3 T "HD_ProfibusInput".mass %DB2.DBDO
4
5

```

RadwagProfibus_MW-01V13_SP1 > PLC_1 [CPU 313C-2 DP] > Program blocks > OB1 [OB1]

Name	Data type	Offset	Default value	Comment
Temp				
Temp_0	Byte	0.0		
Temp_1	Byte	1.0		

CALL

```

1 CALL DPRD_DAT
2 LADDR :=W#16#108 W#16#108
3 RET_VAL :="err read" %MW4
4 RECORD :="HD_ProfibusInput".unit %DB2.DBW8
5
6
7
8
9
10
11

```

Network 6:

```

1
2
3
4
5
6
7
8
9
10
11

```

Network 7:

```

1 L "HD_ProfibusInput".unit %DB2.DBW8
2 CAN
3 T "HD_ProfibusInput".unit %DB2.DBW8
4
5
6

```

RadwagProfibus_MW-01V13_SP1 > PLC_1 [CPU 313C-2 DP] > Program blocks > OB1 [OB1]

Name	Data type	Offset	Default value	Comment
Temp				
Temp_0	Byte	0.0		
Temp_1	Byte	1.0		

CALL

Network 27:

Comment

1	L	"HD_ProfibusOutput".set_tare		%DB3.DB04
2	CAD			
3	T	"HD_ProfibusOutputTemp".set_tare_inv		%DB1.DB00
4				
5				

Network 28:

Comment

1	CALL	DPWR_DAT		
2	LADDR	:=#16#106		%16#106
3	RECORD	:= "HD_ProfibusOutputTemp".set_tare_inv		%DB1.DB00
4	RET_VAL	:= "err write"		%MW8
5				
6				
7				
8				
9				
10				
11				

RadwagProfibus_MW-01V13_SP1 > PLC_1 [CPU 313C-2 DP] > Program blocks > OB1 [OB1]

Name	Data type	Offset	Default value	Comment
Temp				
Temp_0	Byte	0.0		
Temp_1	Byte	1.0		

CALL

Network 23:

Comment

1	L	"HD_ProfibusOutput".command		%DB3.DB00
2	CAN			
3	T	"HD_ProfibusOutput".command		%DB3.DB00
4				
5				

Network 24:

Comment

1				
2	CALL	DPWR_DAT		
3	LADDR	:=#16#100		%16#100
4	RECORD	:= "HD_ProfibusOutput".command		%DB3.DB00
5	RET_VAL	:= "err write"		%MW8
6				
7				
8				
9				
10				
..				

Upon compilation and upload of the program to the controller in data block it is possible to read input registers (MONITOR ALL) and to record output registers (e.g. by change of START VALUE and LOAD START VALUES AS ACTUAL) of the SLAVE module.

